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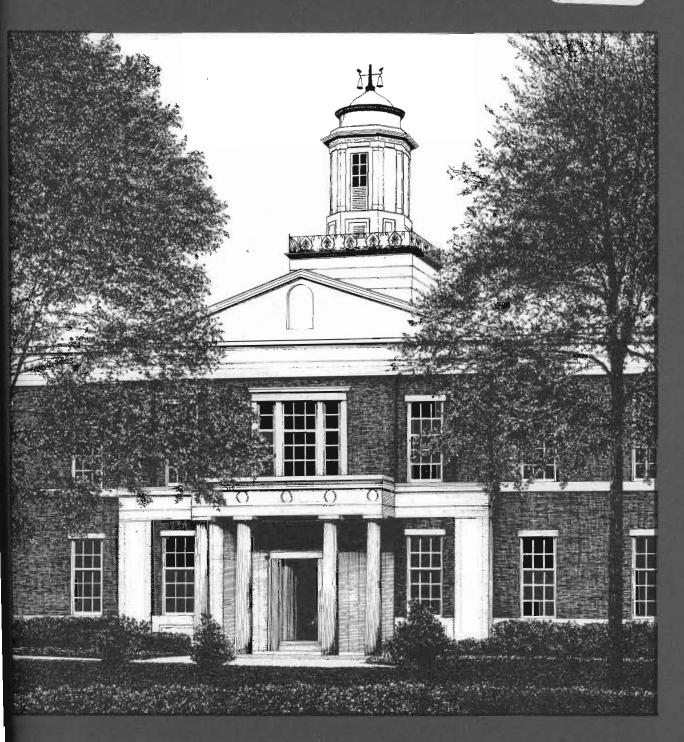
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GEORGIA ADVOCATE

The Georgia Advocate

Fall, 1974

Vol. 10, No. 3

2 The Dean's View

4 UGA Law Day 1974

7 First Time Senior Events

8 In Retrospect: a Year, a Decade

10 Faculty Activities 1973-74

14 Courts Report

15 Latin American Colloquium

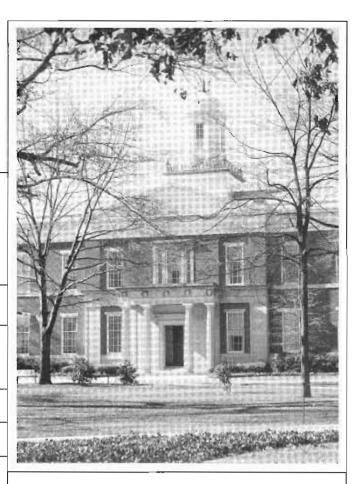
16 Lecturers

18 Alumni

19 University Professor

20 Employment Roll Call

Pictured on the cover is part of an original pen and ink drawing by artist Thomas M. McFarlane. Full-sized lithographs are available to University of Georgia School of Law graduates and friends. See page 24.



Published three times a year by the University of Georgia School of Law under sponsorship of the Law School Association.

Editor:

Gwendolyn L. Yawn

Photography:

James May



A Conversation with Dean Alford

Q. Do you envision a more notable national image for the University of Georgia School of Law? If so, how would one go about it?

"The University of Georgia School of Law presently lacks a national image although it is a regional law school of distinction. In moving to national status several things are required. We need a faculty producing work of scholarly value which will appear in law reviews of national circulation. In my opinion, this is now being done. Second, we need activities at the Law School that will receive publicity on a national scale. We have started this with our Georgia Law Review, our Georgia Journal of International and Comparative Law and our Moot Court Program. I hope that we can move into other similar areas. Third (and this takes a longer time), we must produce graduates who will move into states other than Georgia and practice there."

Q. How does the Law School best serve the interests of the State of Georgia? What commitment does it fulfill as a state-assisted institution?

"I believe the Law School best serves the interest of the State of Georgia by training lawyers who will furnish adequate and effective legal services to the citizens of the state. We have in view the necessity that we produce law graduates who will practice, who will staff the courts of this state, who will serve as the judges of the state and federal courts and who will work effectively in legislative and executive positions within the state. I believe that in future years we will also be producing graduates who will move from the law school into nonlaw related fields of endeavor. I have in mind business activities such as real estate and insurance."

Q. What would be the ideal relationship between a state law school and the State Bar? To what extent are the two interrelated? What functions, if any, should they share?

"I think a law school must maintain a very close relationship with the state bar and this is so whether this law school is a state law school or whether it is one funded from private sources. A lawyer's education never ends, and one responsibility of a law school is to insure that the lawyer has the opportunity to continue that education. Thus I believe all of the law schools of this state, including the University of Georgia, should be firmly committed to a viable and efficient course of continuing legal education. Moreover, we should be prepared to assist the organized bar in conducting research in professional projects."

Q. Should law schools become "law centers"? That is, should they become the nucleus of law reform, legislative writing proposals, clinical experimentation, and continuing legal education for practicing lawyers?

"The law school should perform services of a legal nature for the state, and I believe the Law School is now doing this. Many of our law professors, for example, are doing individual contract work in law reform for the State of Georgia. One of the important developments which we should all recognize is the creation of ties between the Law School and other schools and departments within the University of Georgia. Most of the significant legal issues of the day are going to be handled and resolved satisfactorily only by the use of the resources of other disciplines. For example, we should have ties between our legal historians in the law school and our historians at the University. I should be very frank, however, to state my personal view that the primary mission of a law school is the training of lawyers and that services to the state should be secondary to this primary mission."

Q. Should "skills training" (client interviewing, fact investigation, memorandum and instrument drafting, trial conduct and appellate argument) be emphasized in the curriculum?

I believe John Dewey's admonition that we learn by doing. However, I do not feel that a law school should go completely overboard on skill training. We are more than stone masons or carpenters in law. A lawyer should have an extremely broad perspective when he graduates. He must know certain basic techniques and skills, but it is not economical to attempt to teach all skills in a law school. For example, there are some very local facets of law practice that one can only determine when one goes into a community and practices before a particular judge. The way one determines these local mir fro

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W CO features is by asking questions of people in the locality who know the answers. Clerks of court are fertile sources of knowledge for the young lawyer."

Q. How will we fund legal education in the future?

"I think the State of Georgia will probably provide adequate support for its only state law school for next year and for an indeterminate time. However, the cushioning of the margin for excellence will probably come from private sources. We must keep in mind here first the provision of scholarships for students.

Naturally a student with a very high academic average in college and a very high law aptitude score will receive scholarship offers from a number of different law schools. Those schools will actively solicit his attendance. Certain students of disadvantaged academic backgrounds will need assistance in law school. In order to get a cosmopolitan student body, we want students with a high potential for performance, students from varied geographical areas, and students from varied economic backgrounds. In order to do this we will have to have private funds for scholarships."

Q. In an address to a civic group in Augusta last August you said law students should be taught the traditional advocacy system in a manner balanced against a working constitutional system. What are some approaches to teaching legal ethics which might better equipt law students to assume greater professional responsibility when faced with moral or ethical decisions?

"In most law schools today and for some years past, very little attention has been given to the role of the lawyer in England and in America as a builder of the constitutional system. I believe many law school graduates leave their schools with no inkling of this idea and it seems to me that if they were aware of the past role of the lawyer in this regard they would recognize a major responsibility in the bar for continuing this function.

I see a course in 'legal profession' as something more than just a review of a code of legal ethics. If lawyers are to perform a balancing role in our legal and constitutional system they will do this most effectively only if they know they are engaged in this role. I think great value can be achieved by having legal historical materials embraced on a course in legal profession. We cannot, after all, know the predispositions of each attorney when he is confronted with a choice in which moral and ethical considerations will be involved but we can armor him in advance with knowledge of the responsibilities of his profession and hope that these will carry some weight in whatever decision he reaches."



Walker Montgomery

LAW DAY NOTABLES



Georgia's Law Day, 1974 brought to the speaker's platform two potential candidates for the United States Presidency—Senator Edward M. Kennedy and Georgia's Governor Jimmy Carter.

Senator Kennedy spent the day here Saturday, May 4 as guest of the Student Bar Association. In his Law Day address, Kennedy outlined proposed legislation which would lead to legal reform and cited ways government could be administered so as to avoid the conditions which give rise to impeachment proceedings.

Although non-commital when asked about possible campaign plans, Kennedy announced a week after his visit here that he would not seek the presidential office in 1976.

Governor Carter, as guest of the Law School Association for its annual Law Day luncheon, discussed the strengths and weaknesses of the judicial process in Georgia. His intention to enter the race for the nation's highest office was revealed seven months later.

The visits of Kennedy and Carter highlighted the weekend of events which traditionally include a student awards program, alumni luncheon, Student Bar Association reception and Moot Court competitions.

More than 900 law alumni, students and faculty members reserved law auditorium seats for the Kennedy lecture Saturday morning. Other University community members and the local public gathered in the courtyard outside to listen to the senator's remarks via a loud-speaker system. Kennedy answered questions in a press conference after his address.

The Law School Association luncheon proved to be a popular function, as 260 alumni and guests dined at Bolton Hall after Law Day Exercises. Preceding Governor Carter's speech, LSA president Kirk McAlpin presented Distinguished Service Scrolls to Daniel B. Hodgson of Atlanta and Judge Lewis R. Morgan of LaGrange. Tributes to each of the recipients were printed in the spring edition of the Georgia Advocate.

The Student Bar Association sponsored the Law Day reception Friday evening, May 3 at the Taylor-Grady House. The Board of Visitors, recipients of the Vasser-Woolley and Woodruff Scholarships, Moot Court competition finalists and judges, and Student Bar Association officers attended a joint dinner at The Station restaurant after the reception.



"In the life of the law, we do not pray for easy lives. We pray to be stronger men and women. There is no secret formula waiting to be discovered to guide us to the future or to make the law prevail.

"The ancient virtues that built this country and made it great are the self-same virtues that will keep it great today—courage and hope, work and duty, faith and sacrifice, truth and justice, the worth of the common citizen.

"Without these virtues, the rule of law is helpless. The Constitution becomes just another parchment under glass. But with these virtues, we can rekindle the true patriotic spirit of America, and the flame of liberty will burn as brightly as before. The Constitution will come alive again. The people will find leaders able to bring back the greatness in our nation's character. America will prosper, North and South together."







Best team, Law Day Competition: second-year students Mary Deal and Terry Miller



Winner, Richard B. Russell Competition: first year student James Booker

Moot Court Competition Winners

Another highlight of Law Day, 1974 was the formal unveiling of an oil portrait of Dean Rusk. The portrait was commissioned by the Loridans Foundation of Atlanta, supporters of the Samuel H. Sibley Chair of International Law, the Robert Cotten Alston Chair of Law, and the John A. Sibley lecture series.

The portrait was executed by A. Henry Nordhausen, portrait artist who maintains studios in New York and in Columbus, Georgia.

Dan Hodgson of Atlanta, chairman of the board of trustees of the Loridans Foundation, presented the portrait to University president Fred C. Davison during a brief ceremony preceding Law Day Exercises Saturday morning.



Senior Events, 1974

Two significant precedents have been established by the Class of 1974. In contrast to previous years, the Law School conducted a separate diploma ceremony for its graduates. The short presentation, which followed immediately after the University's commencement exercises June 12, was initiated in partial response to seniors' requests for a separate graduation.

The J.D. degree candidates participated in the 9 a.m. main commencement exercises where they were recognized as a class along with graduates of other schools and colleges, then joined their families and friends for the individual presentation of diplomas in the law

auditorium.

The major advantage of the separate diploma ceremony, according to Graduation Committee chairman T. Joseph Campbell, is the individual recognition afforded

each graduate.

"Because the University's graduating classes have grown so large, individual degree candidates are no longer announced, and diplomas are left stacked in the middle of the coliseum or stadium to be picked up after the assembly. Within the smaller unit, each graduate can still walk across the stage, shake hands with the Dean and receive his diploma where his family can see him."

More than 145 seniors donned caps and gowns for the first diploma ceremony. After a welcome by Joseph Campbell and remarks on "Lawyers Lead Reform of

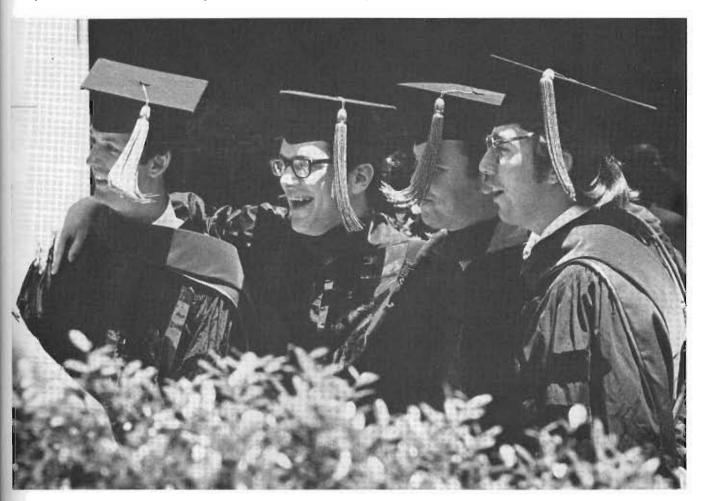
Legal Profession," by Dean Beaird, the diplomas were distributed. Professors Perry Sentell and Dean Rusk were chosen by the class to serve as faculty marshalls. Dean Beaird asked each senior's family to stand as the candidate's name was called.

As a grand prelude to the stately graduation exercise, the Law School Association sponsored its first senior banquet as a salute to the graduating class.

Some 412 law seniors, spouses, relatives and friends enjoyed a complimentary reception and prime rib buffet at Poss' Lakeview Lodge the evening before graduation. Justice William B. Gunter, president of the Law School Association, welcomed the group and described the work of the Association. Judge Sidney O. Smith, chairman of the Law School's Board of Visitors, was banquet speaker.

Conceived by the LSA Council under the presidency of Kirk McAlpin, the senior event was initiated as a good will measure to recognize each class and introduce Georgia law graduates to the Law School Association. Senior event chairman Tom Daniel, 1964 alumnus from Perry, Georgia, developed and executed plans for the banquet along with senior class vice president T. Joseph Campbell and Gwen Yawn, Assistant to the Dean.

LSA funds provided complimentary tickets for each senior and his or her spouse or guest. The cost of the meal for invited relatives and friends was \$6.00 per person.



Dean's Report Excerpts 1973-1974 The Year at Large

J. Ralph Beaird Acting Dean June 30, 1974

"1973-1974 was a very significant year in the history of the University of Georgia School of Law. It brought to an end a period which began a decade ago with the appointment of Lindsey Cowen as Dean. It signaled also the start of a new era with the appointment, effective July 1, 1974, of Dean Neill H. Alford, Jr. It is therefore an appropriate time for taking stock.

An intellectually qualified student body is the keystone of a great law school. During the past decade, great strides have been made in attracting quality students to Georgia. Based on the rise in the level of average Law School Admission Test scores and undergraduate grade point average, the quality of Georgia's student body has increased substantially in the past seven years.

Even with this rise in academic performance, a problem remains with regard to student recruitment. Because of the lack of financial assistance, Georgia still loses some of the State's highest achievers to out-of-state law schools. Although student financial assistance has increased measurably during the past decade, it still remains substantially below that of law schools with which Georgia must compete. The goal of \$200,000 in financial assistance was only half met during the past decade and remains a challenge for the future."

This is how the Law School measures up at this point in its history:

YEAR	1974	1973	1972	1971	1970	1969	1968	1967	1966	1965	1964
Applications	1,548	1,565	1,687	1,188	790	618	460	402*	360*	341	256
Enrolled	251	239	241	240	239	209	153	136	117	87	90
Residents	236	211	214	204	228	174	125	*	98	82	84
Non-residents	15	28	27	36	11	35	28	*	19	5	6
Women	51	38	19	23	7	5	3	*	3	4	5
Blacks	8	8	4	7	4	3	0	*	0	1	0
LSAT Average	623	615	614	603	593	544	560	*	*	*	*
UGPA Average	3.32	3.26	3.14	3.00	2.87	80	80	*	*	*	*
School Enrollment	672	655	657	566	493	404	326	*	244	203	216
Scholarships Amount for Yr.	\$93,820	\$90,105	\$71,000	\$49,182	\$23,476	\$14,088	\$17,550	\$ 8,275	\$ 4,100	\$ 4,485	\$00
Recipients	76	78	51	44	38	44	38	15	7	6	0
*Incomplete Informa	tion										

Placement

Of the 209 graduates of the Class of 1973-1974, 119 entered law practice with a private firm. Locations of these jobs are summarized as follows:

Employment by	Georgia	Law	Firn	18
a. Atlanta				16
b. Augusta				9
c. Gainesville				7
d. Savannah				9
e. Columbus				6
f. Marietta				3
g. Rossville				3
h. Georgia cities	which	have	two	1973-74
graduates:				
	 a. Atlanta b. Augusta c. Gainesville d. Savannah e. Columbus f. Marietta g. Rossville h. Georgia cities 	 a. Atlanta b. Augusta c. Gainesville d. Savannah e. Columbus f. Marietta g. Rossville h. Georgia cities which 	 a. Atlanta b. Augusta c. Gainesville d. Savannah e. Columbus f. Marietta g. Rossville h. Georgia cities which have 	 b. Augusta c. Gainesville d. Savannah e. Columbus f. Marietta g. Rossville h. Georgia cities which have two

Carrollton Canton
Albany Dublin
Macon Thomasville
Moultrie Americus
Camilla Dalton
Griffin Rome

i. Georgia towns in which one 1973-74 graduate located practice with a law firm:

Athens Jackson Ashburn Jonesboro Bainbridge Lawrenceville Buford Lafayette Brunswick Milledgeville Cairo Ringgold Calhoun Sylvester Cartersville Smyrna Cedartown Summerville Chatsworth Swainsboro Convers Thomaston Covington Tifton Cuthbert Tucker Decatur Waycross

64

56

90

84

6

5

0

16

0

- II. Employment by Out-of-State Law Firms
 Florida 3
 South Carolina 1
 Virginia 1
- III. 1973-74 Graduates Have Established Their Own Practice in these Locations:

Atlanta	Manchester
Bremen	Marietta
Dahlonega	Pembroke
Hinesville	Union Point

In addition to those who entered private law practice, 88 graduates accepted other positions in legal employment. Job categories of all employed graduates are:

1.	Law Firms	
	a. Georgia firms	106
	b. Out-of-State firms	5
11.	Self-employed	
	Law Practice	8
111.	Government Agencies	
	a. Federal	16
	b. State	5
	c. Municipal	2
١٧.	Business Firms	
	 a. Corporations 	9
	 b. Accounting firms 	4
V.	District Attorney Offices	14
VI.	Legal Aid and Public	
	Defender Offices:	7
VII.	Judicial Clerkships	6
VIII.	Military Service	7
	Judge Advocate Generals' Corps	
IX.		7
	Total:	196

Bar Results

Under the provisions of an act passed by the Georgia General Assembly in January, 1974, third year law students are eligible to take the Georgia Bar Examination if they have completed at least seven quarters of law studies leading to the J.D. degree.

Of the 209 seniors who graduated in December, 1973, and March, June, or August, 1974, approximately 135 chose to register for the February administration of the state bar examination. These seniors undertook an intensified bar review study program in the two months after the early bar provision was enacted.

The remaining seniors chose either to take the July administration or to seek bar admission in other states.

Of the 209 graduates, 195 names were listed on the passing rosters of the February and July bar examinations. Twelve of the remaining class members have accepted employment positions in other states and have presumably taken examinations elsewhere.

Acting upon a recent request of the State Board of Bar Examiners, the Law School now certifies at one time all J.D. degree candidates in good standing for bar application. Therefore, because the entire class is certified collectively rather than upon each individual's statement of intention to take the examination, law school records do not show if an applicant actually took the examination.

If all persons, with the exception of the out-of-state candidates cited above, took either the February or July bar examination, the passing percentage of the University of Georgia Law School would be 98.9 per cent.

Faculty Activities July, 1973-June, 1974

Published Articles

Research in law is a continuous process. Accumulating data on constitutional, criminal, corporate, international and administrative law, property, taxation, or trusts and estates demands much of a law faculty member's time and attention. In the past year ten law review articles were published bearing the names of Georgia law faculty members.

Acting Dean J. Ralph Beaird and Mack A. Player coauthored the article **Free Speech and the Landrum-Griffin Act**, 25 Ala. L. Rev. 577 (1973) along with the related article **Section 101(a) (4)** of the Landrum-Griffin

Act, 26 Ala. L. Rev. (1974).

Another article by Dean Beaird was Introduction, John A. Sibley Lecturer Earl Warren, Chief Justice of the United States, Retired, 8 Ga. L. Rev. 1 (1973).

Descendible Future Interests in Georgia: The Effect of the Preference for Early Vesting, 7 Ga. L. Rev. 433-493 (Spring 1973) was prepared by Professor Verner F. Chaffin. Professors Player and Beaird were co-authors of the article, Whither the Nixon Board?. 7 Ga. L. Rev. 607 (1973). Professor R. Perry Sentell, Jr. wrote Unconstitutionality in Georgia: Problems of Nothing, 8 Ga. L. Rev. 101 (1973). A two part series by Assistant Professor Donald E. Wilkes, Jr. concerned with A New Role for an Ancient Writ: Postconviction Habeas Corpus Relief in Georgia was published in 8 Ga. L. Rev. 313 and in issue No. 4 in June and August, 1974.

Three articles appeared in the Mercer Law Review last year by Georgia's law faculty. Acting Dean Beaird and Associate Professor Ronald Ellington's Annual Survey of Georgia Law, Trial Practices and Procedure, 25 Mercer L. Rev. 265 (1973) was followed in 1974 by a second article bearing the same title in 26 Mercer L. Rev. Tort Liability Insurance in Georgia Local Government Law was a 24-page article written by Professor Sentell which appeared in 24 Mercer L. Rev. 651 (1973).

A part I and II series by Associate Professor Wayne McCormack, Federalism and Section 1983: Limitations on Judicial Enforcement of Constitutional Protections, appeared in 60 Va. L. Rev. 1 and 60 Va. L. Rev. 185 (1974).

Professor Richard V. Wellman was the author of Lawyers and the Uniform Probate Code published in the 26 Oklahoma L. Rev. No. 4 November, 1973, pp. 548-556.

Four journal articles were prepared by faculty members. Repeals of Repeals: Statutory Musical Chairs, 10 Ga. State Bar Journal 41 (1973) was written by Professor Sentell. Articles on criminal law by Assistant Professor Donald E. Wilkes on the subject of The new Federalism in Criminal Procedure: State Court Evasion of the Burger Court, 62 Ky. L. J. 421 (1974) and by Associate Professor Samuel Davis on the Psychological Functions in the Teaching of Criminal Law, 44 Mississippi L. J. 647 (1973) were published.

Two articles by Professor Chaffin include Fiduciary Law: 1973 Legislation and Recent Case Law Developments, 10 Ga. St. B. J. 189-216 (1973) and Estate Planning & Taxation: Current Estate and Gift Tax Developments, 10 Ga. St. B. J. 427-447 (1974).

Other documents published in the last year include The Proposed Georgia Financial Institution Code with Comments December 1973, Associate Professor Julian McDonnell's study sponsored by the Georgia Department of Banking & Finance; Developments in Supplying Counsel for Indigents Since Argersinger, for the American Bar Association Defense Services Committee of the Criminal Law Section and a special report for the American Bar Association Defense Services Committee of the Criminal Law Section on Diversion Programs, both by Legal Aid Director Robert D. Peckham; and three articles by Professor Wellman, "Trust Business Under the Uniform Probate Code," Trusts and Estates, February, 1974 (Vol. 113: No. 2), "Estate Planning under UPC," UPC Notes No. 7, February 1974 and Response of the Joint Editorial Board to the State Bar of California's Uniform Probate Code: Analysis and Critique, published and distributed by the Joint Editorial Board for the Uniform Probate Code.

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Instructional Materials

Training lawyers is the major objective of the law faculty. Updated course materials are needed. Georgia's faculty contributed several published works and other instructional materials in 1973-74 for use in classroom study.

Training Materials for Attorneys, U.S. Department of Labor, 3rd Edition, 1974 was written by Acting Dean Beaird as a manual of cases and materials for use in training lawyers in the field of labor policy.

Professor Beaird, Professor Emeritus Thomas F. Greene and Associate Professor Ellington have prepared a Casebook on Georgia Practice and Procedure, which is presently in use in mimeographed form.

Professor Robert N. Leavell had two publications by West Publishing Company in the past year. These include Annotations, Restatement of Agency, 2d (Georgia), April 1974, and Teacher's Manual, Cases and Materials in Equitable Remedies and Restitution (with Nelson), May 1974.

An examination of Georgia's Workmen's Compensation cases has been made by Professor John F. T. Murray. His materials are being used as a supplement to course materials in Workmen's Compensation.

Assistant Professor Charles R. McManis organized and developed materials for the course in Administrative Law.

The third edition of **Debtor's and Creditor's Rights**, co-authored by Professor Walter R. Phillips and James W. Moore, Sterling Professor at Yale Law School, was published in 1974.

Associate Professor Player compiled and edited materials for use in the Social Legislation course in the spring of 1974.

Recently published books by Professor Sentell are: Studies in Georgia Local Government Law, Second Edition (1973) and The Law of Municipal Tort Liability in Georgia Second Edition (1973).

Associate Professor Davis drafted a section on warrant searches for inclusion in a handbook for state trial court judges.

Other books and reports are currently being written by faculty members.

Faculty Participation: Conferences and Seminars

The Georgia Law School was well represented by faculty members at numerous professional meetings throughout the country during 1973-74. The joint meeting of the State Bar of Georgia and law faculties of Emory University, Mercer University and University of Georgia was held in Macon on April 1-2, 1974. Those attending included Acting Dean Beaird, Professors Forrester, Wellman, Dunham and Sentell, Associate Professor Davis, Assistant Professor Shepard, clinical program directors Cook and Peckham, Continuing Legal Education Director James W. Curtis, Assistant Legal Aid Director John W. Timmons, Jr., and Assistant to the Dean and Placement Director Gwendolyn L. Yawn.

Associate Professor Davis, Assistant Professors Mc-Manis, Shepard and Legal Aid Director Peckham along with Professor Chaffin, who was secretary-treasurer and in now chairman, attended the Southeastern Conference of the Association of American Law Schools at Marco Island, Florida on August 25-27, 1973.

Acting Dean Beaird was a delegate to the annual meeting of the Association of American Law Schools in New Orleans December 27-30, 1973 at which Professor Wellman spoke on "Estate Planning under Uniform Probate Code". Associate Professor Davis and Assistant Professor McManis also attended the meeting and appeared also at the Conference in Legal Rights of the Mentally Retarded, co-sponsored by the Practicing Law Institute and the Mental Health Law Project, in San Francisco, California, January 31 to February 2, 1974.

At a recent Georgia Council of Superior Court Judges Seminar on Sea Island, Georgia, Acting Dean Beaird spoke on "The Need for a Public Defender System in Georgia". He addressed a breakfast meeting of the University of Georgia Law School Association at the mid-winter meeting of the State Bar of Georgia in Atlanta at which Professors Chaffin and Rusk and Assistant Dean Davis were also in attendance.

Community Advisory Services Rendered

With all the publicity concerning Watergate and federal governmental investigations, law faculty members have been asked to help citizens understand intricate governmental procedures. Acting Dean Beaird explained the "Litigation Concerning Presidential Tapes" to the Rotary Club of Athens and discussed executive privilege and impeachment at an August bar meeting in Augusta, Georgia. His explanations of law have touched even more citizens through his thirteen monthly columns in the Athens Banner Herald, "University Spotlight on Law."

Professor Chaffin delivered a number of papers which include "Estate Planning: The Use of the Will, Trust, and Other Wealth Transmission Techniques" for the Southeastern Municipal Management Institute at the Georgia Center, in April, 1974; The Law of Trusts at the Florida Trust School, University of Florida in July, 1973; "Estate Planning—Proper Utilization of the "Will", 'Trust', and Other Techniques to Guarantee Future Financial Security and to safeguard One's Estate" at a Retirement Planning Seminar held at the Georgia Center in April, 1973. Professor Chaffin attended

Annual Meetings of the American Law Institute in Washington, D. C. May 23-24, 1973 and again May 22-24, 1974.

The Northeast Georgia Police Academy heard talks by Prosecutorial Clinic Director Cook, Associate Professor Davis and Legal Aid Director Peckham throughout the year. Davis lectured on "Constitutional Principles" at three of the meetings held in Athens. One of the subjects stressed by Director Cook was "Testifying in Court", which was the topic for an in-service training exercise he conducted for the University Police Department September 17 and 20, 1973.

Faculty members participtaed in court cases and public hearings recently. Associate Professor Davis served as court-appointed counsel in Farmer v. Caldwell. Associate Professor McCormack was of counsel for petitioner in Williams v. United States. Prosecutional Clinic Director Cook was counsel to the Clarke County Grand Jury in the July and October, 1973 terms and again in the January, 1974 term. As Assistant District Attorney of Clarke and Oconee counties, Cook prepared an appellate brief and one motion for rehearing to Georgia Court of Appeals. Professor Ray Phillips was called upon to testify as an expert witness in the Farington Enterprises hearing. Professor Wellman testified on the Uniform Probate Code in public hearings before legislative committees in New Jersey, Illinois and California.

In addition to his daily teaching responsibilities, Professor Dean Rusk fulfilled fifty public speaking engagements during 1973-74. He visited fifteen college campuses across the country where he lectured in political science or delivered the commencement address. He also spoke to six undergraduate classes and student groups at the University of Georgia. Professor Rusk accepted nine requests for talks before civic clubs and associations in Georgia towns and communities. Alumni programs of both the Law School and the University received much of Professor Rusk's attention last year. He participated in the University's Alumni Seminar and traveled with Acting Dean Beaird to law alumni receptions in Columbus, Macon, and Savannah.

Among other seminars and conferences to which Professor Rusk devoted time were those conducted by the National Association of Postmasters, Department of Law, State of Georgia; Foreign Service Institute Senior Seminar, U.S. Department of State; Christian Council of Metropolitan Atlanta; Atlanta Classroom Teachers; American Society of Newspaper Editors; Council on Foreign Relations; Federal Bar Association, Atlanta; and the National Conference on University Public Service.

Law School and University Activities

In addition to their daily teaching, faculty members participate in other activities involving the Law School and legal education. As dean, Professor Beaird addressed the entering Class of 1976 with a welcoming speech on "The Nature of Law." He represented the Law School at alumni receptions held in Columbus; Savannah and Macon, and at the Law School Convocation held in April, he introduced Peter Nash, General Counsel of the National Labor Relations Board. In his capacity as dean he also informed the 1974

graduating class that "Lawyers Lead Reform of the Legal Profession" in his graduation address.

At a fall meeting of the Law Dames, Assistant Dean Davis presented some introductory remarks on the study of law. As a lecturer in the Georgia Bar Review Course, he discussed the subject of Domestic Relations. He completed service as chairman of the Law School's Student Performance Committee and commenced service as chairman of the Curriculum Committee. Davis continued membership on the University Council on Gerontology and was appointed by President Fred C. Davison to the Dean Search Committee.

Chairman of both the Educational Program Committee and Faculty Recruitment Committee, Robert N. Leavell was also advisor for the **Georgia Law Review**.

Professor Murray was chairman of Law School Admissions Committee. He was also Chairman of Law School Scholarship Committee and 1974 Law School Cancer Drive.

Continuing as chairman of the Readmissions Committee, Associate Professor McDonnell also served as a member of the Admissions Committee.

Professor Phillips was chairman of the Graduate Studies Subcommittee and was appointed as district Justice for Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, responsible for the immediate supervision of all chapters, both active and alumni in Georgia and South Carolina.

Professor Player, a member of the University Council and the University Curriculum Committee, served as faculty advisor to Law School Moot Court activities in which capacity he attended four Moot court competitions in the last year.

Professor Rusk served as advisor to the Black American Law Students Association, the Georgia Society of International and Comparative Law and the Georgia Journal of International and Comparative Law.

Professor Sentell served as a Law School representative on the University Council and as a member of the University of Georgia's Affirmative Action Committee he helped produce the action plan now under consideration. In replacing a member of the faculty who became ill, he taught an extra course load during the school year.

The local and regional Client Counseling Competitions were supervised by Assistant Professor Shepard. He was a faculty advisor to Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity and the Women's Law Student Association and was speaker at the commemoration of 20th Anniversary of Brown v. Board of Education decision which was held at the Law School.

Assistant Professor Wilkes is a member of the American Bar Association, State Bar of Georgia Criminal Law Section, and Criminal Law Committee, Younger Lawyers Section of the State Bar of Georgia.

Chairman of a Coloquium on Certain Legal Aspects of Inter-American Cooperation held at the Law School on April 20, Associate Professor Wilner was also an advisor to the Georgia Journal of International and Comparative Law.

Professor Vaughn C. Ball served the first year of a two-year term on the Board of Trustees of the national Law School Admissions Council.

Professor Chaffin was chairman of the Law Revision Committee, State Bar of Georgia and the Law School Promotions and Tenure Committees. He served as a trustee for the Institute of Continuing Legal Education in Georgia and was a member of the Law School Advisory Council to the American Bar Association Committee on the Uniform Probate Code. He was also named to the University Provost's Faculty Advisory Committee to Review Promotion Guidelines and the University Advisory Area Promotions Committee.

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Editorial Work

Editing publications was a responsibility accepted by three faculty members this year. Professor Leavell and Phillips, along with Assistant Professor Shepard who served as chairman, were on the Board of Editors for the "Developments in Corporate Securities and Banking Law," a quarterly publication by the State Bar of Georgia. Professor Phillips was also chosen articles editor of the newly organized Georgia State Bar Journal. Professor Wellman, in his capacity as National Educational Director of the Joint Editorial Board for the Uniform Probate Code, directed the publication of UPC Notes and coordinated the activities of the JEB. In his efforts to pass the Uniform Probate Code in all states, he prepared and delivered detailed memoranda analyzing probate law revision proposals in New Jersey, Delaware, District of Columbia, Nebraska and New York.

Other Advising and Consulting Work

Law faculty are sometimes referred to for consultation on legal matters. Both Professor Phillips and Associate Professor Wilner served in the capacity of consultants in the past year. Professor Phillips was consultant to a Debt Counseling Service Project in Columbus conducted by the State of Georgia Extension Service. He prepared selected materials for consumers served by the Family Resource Management Division of U.S.D.A. Associate Professor Wilner was consultant to the United Nations Office of Legal Affairs on subjects relating to international trade law, served as the consultant to United Nations Conference on Trade and Development with respect to the transfer of technology and was an advisor to the United Nations Staff Union, Executive Committee.

As reporter for the Advisory Committee for Revision of the State Banking Law, Associate Professor McDonnell spoke at several meetings of the Georgia Bankers Association. He was appointed in May of this year to the Georgia State Bar Committee on Law Revision.

Legal Aid Director Peckham served as an advisor to the Department of Offender Rehabilitation of the State of Georgia on legal counseling for prisoners and was a consultant to the state governments of South Carolina and Florida in the development of prisoner legal counseling programs.

Assistant Professor Shepard was a special advisor for the Southern Federal Tax Institute. Special Studies Director Robert C. Kates gave advice concerning medical services laws, required services for mentally retarded, forthcoming legislative proposals concerning certification of hospitals and "The Uniform Rules of the Road" enactment of the 1974 General Assembly.

Professor Chaffin was appointed to the Federal Mediation and Counciliation Service Panel of Arbitrators in September, 1973 and has attended six labor arbitration hearings in the past year.

New Faces

Six new professors and an administrative specialist have joined the Law School's faculty for 1974-75.

William Detwiler Jr. has been named assistant to the dean and director of admissions. He comes to the Law School from the University of Georgia's personnel services division where he was classification and pay analyst.

Detwiler holds a B.B.A. degree from the University of Georgia and the M.B.A. degree from Michigan State University. He is presently working on course requirements for the doctorate degree in public administration. In addition to his responsibilities in overseeing admissions procedures, Detwiler will supervise personnel

matters for the Law School.

Associate professor J. William Futrell comes to the faculty from the University of Alabama School of Law. Futrell earned his undergraduate degree at Tulane University and his law degree at Columbia University. After serving as law clerk to U.S. District Judge Edwin Hunter, he went into private law practice in New Orleans for five years before accepting a teaching position at Alabama. Environmental law is Futrell's field of interest. He is presently national secretary of the Sierra Club and attorney for the Audubon Society and Environmental Defense Fund.

Assistant professor Cym Lowell left private law practice in Indianapolis, Indiana to join the law faculty this fall. A 1972 law graduate of Duke University, Lowell teaches Federal Income Tax and Business Problems. In the process of developing expertise in the area of sports law, Lowell has prepared materials for a book on the subject. He has previously written on collective bargaining and the professional team sport industry.

Professors Pearson, Carssow, and Everson





Professors Futrell, Lowell, and Moffat

Visiting the law faculty this year is Robert C. L. Moffat, professor of law at the University of Florida. Professor Moffat earned the B.A., M.A., and LL.B. degrees from Southern Methodist University. He completed the LL.M. degree at the University of Sydney, Australia, and is now a candidate for the S.J.D. degree at Harvard. A scholar in the field of law-social science relations, Professor Moffat was named Russell Sage Resident in Law and Social Science at the University of California at Berkeley in 1972-73. He taught the first year course in Criminal Law and the Legal Profession course during his first quarter at the Georgia Law School.

Assistant Professor Albert M. Pearson, III also teaches a first year section of Criminal Law. A 1972 Vanderbilt law graduate, Pearson served a federal clerkship with Judge Walter Gewin of the Fifth Circuit before taking up law teaching. In 1973-74 he fulfilled a law teaching fellowship at Boston College where he developed course materials for the Legal Research classes which he presently conducts at Georgia. He taught Creditor's Rights during the summer 1974 term.

Assistant Professor Emily C. Carssow joined the Georgia law faculty after employment as attorney with the American Civil Liberties Union in Atlanta. She is a 1971 University of Texas law graduate who also holds the B.A. and M.A. degrees from Texas Tech University.

She teaches a first year section of Torts.

Assistant Professor David Everson teaches another first year course in Property. The Michigan law graduate practiced law in Cleveland, Ohio and Portland, Maine before serving a year's clerkship with Judge William E. Miller, U.S. Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. A native of Nashville, Everson completed his undergraduate work at the University of Missouri.

The Courts

Honor Court:

Constitutional Revision

The Law School's Honor Court Constitution has undergone revision to provide more effective procedural due process for students accused of violating the Honor Code.

Under the new provisions, which were enacted in April following an affirmative student referendum, the prosecutorial function of the Honor Court is now separated from the adjudicative function.

Determination of probable cause and the actual prosecution of the case are to be handled by one of five student prosecutors selected by the Court at the beginning of the academic year. Under the revised constitution, Honor Court justices are not involved in the investigation or any other phase of the proceeding except to hear the case and make a decision on its merits.



1974-1975
Honor Court justices
are (left to right,
rear): Tony Smith,
Ennis Willis, Barry
Graham, Bob Brussack.
Front: Cynthia Wright,
Bruce Mather (Chief
Justice), and Martha
Clewis.

Moot Court:

Team Places High in National Competition

A team of Georgia law students has placed in the semi-finalist rank of the National Moot Court Competition.

The Georgia team, competing against 25 other regional winners, was successful in three eliminations to become one of four top teams in the competition held in New York December 2-4.

Members of the team are Roger Mills and James Booker of Atlanta, Lois Deutschberger Shingler of Athens and Terry Miller of Dalton.

The team won for the second consecutive year the regional competition which was held in Atlanta

November 7-8. Mills was named best oralist in the regional finals.

Participating teams presented arguments on a hypothetical case involving reverse racial discrimination in college admissions. The regional competition was sponsored by the Younger Lawyers Section of the State Bar of Georgia and the American College of Trial Lawyers. The Association of the Bar of the City of New York sponsored the national finals. Loyola School of Law, New Orleans, was named national winner.

Mack A. Player, associate professor of law, is faculty advisor and coach to the Georgia Moot Court Program.

International Law:

Colloquium

Inter-American cooperation on two legal issues was the subject of an April 20 colloquium at the Law School.

Cooperation among nations of the American continents in establishing mechanisms for settling economic disputes, and questions on the international use of the sea were covered in morning and afternoon sessions of the one-day meeting which preceded the opening of the OAS conference in Atlanta.

Convened by Professor Gabriel Wilner of the Georgia law faculty and sponsored by the Georgia Society of International and Comparative Law, the colloquium drew seventeen participants whose nationalities represented Brazil, Guatemala, Colombia, Argentina, Chile, Barbados and the United States.

In its morning session, the colloquium undertook the discussion of economic dispute settlement as it applies to the rights of investors and Latin American host countries when industry is expropriated.

What is the most equitable means of settling private claims once industry has been nationalized? Is international arbitration the answer? It is not the best method, according to Dale Furnish, Arizona State University professor and author of the working paper used for discussion.

"As Latin America moves toward planned economies for development, it is less willing to welcome foreign investment under all circumstances," Furnish said. It is unlikely, he added, that Latin America would agree to "place the fate of its young economies at the behest of international bodies."

In weighing the balance between protection of foreign investment, the host country's economic development, and an international system of cooperation, the lawyer-delegates agreed that legal structures or mechanisms for settlement cannot be devised and exercised unless the disputing parties agree on substantive ground rules.

Economic accord, they felt, can be reached only at the beginning of an investor relationship and outlined in management contracts, technology transfers (copyrights, trademarks) and guides to capital investment.

Rather than depending on after-the-fact settlement mechanisms, the colloquium participants felt that utilization of international guidelines for investment and stricter attention to fair business practices of private investors were more realistic ways of dealing with the problems of expropriation.

In the afternoon session, participants discussed a relatively new area of law—international use of the seas. The questions here were obvious - who is responsible for pollution? How are fishing rights established? With

a world food shortage threatening, isn't the sea our next hope for supply, and shouldn't it be commonly owned?

Latin American representatives, though distinguishing between Caribbean and South American areas, expressed dissatisfaction at any narrow territorial limits, a position consistent with increasing awareness of their national sovereignty.

Many of the views expressed were bargaining or negotiating positions for the real discussions which arose at the Law of the Sea Treaty Conference in Caracas, Venezuela in June.

Dr. F. W. Garcia-Amador, legal director of the OAS, led the discussion on law of the sea. Other OAS officials included Francisco Orrego Vicuna of the OAS legal department. Latin American diplomats included His Excellency Valerie T. McComie, Ambassador of Barbados, and Celso L. N. Amorin, first secretary of the Brazilian mission to the OAS.

Representing the U.S. State Department were Moorhead Kennedy, director of the Office of Investment Affairs, and David Gantz, assistant legal advisor for Inter-American affairs.

The vice-president of the Latin American Division of Coca-Cola Export Corporation, Dr. Enrique E. Bledel, represented investment interests, and law professors C. Luppinacci from the University of Montevideo, Uruguay; J. Caicedo Perdomo from the University of San Carlo, Colombia; and A. Molina Orantes from the University of Guatemala were guests.

The international law programs of University of Indiana and American University were represented by A. A. Fatouros and Seymour Rubin. Professor Rubin is now a member of the Inter-American Juridical Committee.

Professor Dean Rusk of the Georgia law faculty spoke for American interests in the colloquium. Other Georgia participants were Jose Pages of the Georgia Law Library, and Michael Robison, president of the Georgia Society of International and Comparative Law.



Robben W. Fleming, president of the University of Michigan and an authority on labor law and industrial relations, was the John A. Sibley lecturer for the spring quarter, 1974.

In his April 4 lecture on "Problems in Public Employee Unionism," Fleming observed that group activity by governmental employees is the fastest growing segment of unionism in this country. One out of five employed persons works for federal, state, or municipal government, he said, and, because of the increase in union activity, two-thirds of the states have some kind of statutes regarding bargaining with public employees.

How does union activity in public employment differ from that in private business? One major difference is in the source of funds over which a labor dispute

arises, Fleming explained.

"Seventy-five percent of a university's budget goes into personnel salaries. However, industry's major allocation goes into technology. Therefore, public institutions cannot displace people with technology in order to gain the costs of collective bargaining. Unlike in industry, there is no high production profit to draw from."

Fleming cited another problem in dispute settlement by organized public employees: the handcuffed manager.

"An administrator of government personnel is powerless to generate funds. Unlike in the private sector, where management has the pricing mechanism, government's management and funding functions are separated—the executive branch operates while the legislative branch appropriates money."

In public education, collective barganing may bring out some personnel benefits, but not without conse-

quences, Fleming predicted.

"I forsee that most improvements in benefits will be self-financed. Money will get generated as some provisions such as counseling programs, health services, and workable student-faculty ratios are cut back."

The labor lawyer said faculty members who seek greater participation in decision-making processes through union auspices will find themselves involved to a greater extent in taking the consequences of these decisions when the axe has to fall.

Visiting Law

Lecturers



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Robben W. Fleming

Fleming, who became the ninth president of the University of Michigan in 1968, was honored at a reception at the Taylor-Grady House following his speech and spoke briefly at a luncheon with university deans, administrators and law faculty members April 5. He also met with law student groups and with individual students.

A native of Paw Paw, Illinois, Fleming received a B.A. degree from Beloit College (of which he is now a trustee) and the LL.B. degree from the University of Wisconsin. He was an attorney with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission prior to serving in the U.S. Army in Africa and Western Europe from 1942-1946.

Before becoming president of Michigan, he was director of the Industrial Relations Center at the University of Wisconsin, director of the Institute of Labor and Industrial Relations at the University of Illinois, professor of law at the University of Illinois and chancellor of the Madison campus of the University of Wisconsin.

The author of several books and numerous articles on labor law and industrial relations, Fleming holds an appointment as professor of law at Michigan.

A former president of the National Academy of Arbitrators, he is the current president of the American Association of Universities.

16

Donald E. Santarelli

Donald E. Santarelli, former administrator of the U.S. Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) and a former official in the U.S. Department of Justice. was guest of the Law School November 14 and 15 as John A. Sibley lecturer for the fall quarter.

Santarelli dealt full-face with the politics of law enforcement in America. His speech was entitled Promise and Performance in Criminal Law Enforcement."

Santarelli raised the question, "Are there any law enforcement systems designed to help the victim?" Criminal justice in America, he asserted, is focused almost exclusively on refining the procedures which affect the rights of the accused—the defendant. Persons who are asked to come forth as witnesses are told to wait in the corridors without instructions or explanations, or they are ignored, he said.

In order to combat citizen apathy and reluctance to report vital information about criminal acts, Santarelli warned, law enforcement officials must cease treating trial participants with indifference and instead en-

courage confidence in the police function.

The former LEAA chief said he pushed for LEAA sponsorship of citizen-participation measures as a means of encouraging more community involvement in crime fighting. This, he felt, was a more viable alternative than gearing all programs to fit the paid professionals.

Former President Richard M. Nixon appointed Santarelli to head the LEAA, a federal agency created in 1968 to give state and local governments financial and

technical assistance in fighting crime.

Before taking over LEAA, Santarelli was associate deputy attorney general for the administration of criminal justice in the U.S. Department of Justice. In that position, he developed, coordinated and implemented Nixon administration programs for crime control and improvements in the administration of criminal

Nixon also assigned special responsibilities for criminal justice in the District of Columbia to Santarelli, a former U.S. attorney in the district. Santarelli also assisted the Justice Department's deputy attorney general on appointments of federal judges, U.S. attorneys, U.S. marshals and Justice Department legal personnel and helped maintain the department's relations with congress and professional organizations such as the American Bar Association and National Association of Attorney Generals.

Before joining the Justice Department, Santarelli was minority counsel for the House Committee on the Judicial and special counsel to the State Judiciary

Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights.

Santarelli, who is now in private law practice in Washington, D.C., received a law degree from the University of Virginia where he is now a member of the Board of Visitors. He also graduated from the University of Virginia Graduate School of Arts and Sciences. He served as a clerk to U.S. District Judge Thomas J. Michie and was an assistant corporation counsel for the District of Columbia.



Law School Receives Holmes Lecture Series

The Oliver Wendell Holmes Devise Committee has designated the University of Georgia School of Law as host for the 1975 Holmes Lecture Series.

The annual lectureship is sponsored through the estate of the late Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court. A distinguished legal scholar is invited to deliver three public lectures at the designated host law school.

Dr. William B. Lockhart, former dean of the University of Minnesota School of Law, will deliver the Holmes lectures during a visit to the Law School April

Lockhart was chairman of the U.S. Commission on Obscenity and Pornography. The Commission was appointed by President Lyndon B. Johnson in 1968 and it concluded its findings with a report to President Richard Nixon in 1970.

Now a visiting professor of law at Arizona State University, Lockhart has been a member of the Minnesota law faculty since 1946. He served as president of the Association of American Law Schools in 1969.

Disposition of the Holmes estate, which was bequested to the United States, was entrusted to a devise committee by an act of Congress in 1955. The major portion of the estate finances the writing of a multi-volume, definitive history of the Supreme Court of the United States. The lecture series was established

The three lectures, scheduled for the afternoons of April 2, 3, and 4, are open to the public.

Law Alumni

Meetings and Awards

Newly-elected Board of Visitors chairman Felton Jenkins (left) and Law School Association president William B. Gunter talk over spring programs planned by the two groups.

Jenkins was elected chairman at the Board's November 1 meeting. He succeeds Judge Sidney O. Smith, whose term expired December 31. Jenkins was named

to the advisory board in January, 1973.

Law School Association Council representatives joined the Board members for a social evening after their meeting and then conducted a separate business session the next morning. Former members of both groups participated in the November 1-2 weekend activities which included a reception at the home of Dean and Mrs. Alford, dinner at the Athens History Village, and a pre-football brunch given by Justice and Mrs. William Gunter and Judge and Mrs. Sidney Smith.

Distinguished Service Scrolls

As a featured part of the Law Day alumni luncheon, 1974 LSA president Kirk M. McAlpin presents Distinguished Service Scroll awards to Judge Lewis R. Morgan, (left), and Daniel B. Hodgson. Morgan and



Hodgson were selected as award recipients at the June, 1973 meeting of the Law School Association in Savannah.



Law School Association treasurer Upshaw C. Bentley, Jr., left, presents to Ralph Beaird a plaque acknowledging Beaird's service to the Law School as acting dean in 1972-1974. Bentley made the presentation in behalf of the LSA Council at the November 1 dinner of the Council and Board of Visitors. During Law Day activities last spring, the Board gave Beaird a silver box inscribed with the Law School seal as a gift of appreciation for his administration of the School during the past two years.



New Responsibilities

Former acting dean J. Ralph Beaird has been named University Professor of Law at the University of Georgia. The appointment was announced by Fred C. Davison, university president, at the first of the fall quarter, 1974. Davison also assigned Beaird additional duties as counselor to the president.

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Beaird, professor of law since 1967 and acting dean from 1972-1974, will act as special advisor to Davison and University provost S. William Pelletier on matters relating to all aspects of the institution. He will also continue teaching labor law and constitutional law classes throughout the academic year.

The "university professor" title is reserved for distinguished faculty members or administrators who have made outstanding contributions to the university beyond their own discipline area. Professor Beaird is the first university faculty member to hold the rank.

"I am delighted to have a person of Professor Beaird's background and experience to call on for advice in the many new areas of concern to university and higher education generally," said Davison.

"His advice and counsel on many subjects and problems facing us will be invaluable to me, especially in light of his experience in matters of governmental policy and his experience in higher education," Davison continued.

Beaird received the B.S. and LL.B. degrees from the University of Alabama and the LL.M. degree from George Washington University.

A former associate solicitor of the U.S. Department of Labor and associate general counsel for the National Labor Relations Board, Beaird is a member of the federal Mediation and Conciliation Service panel of arbitrators and for four years was on the labor department's advisory council on Employee Welfare and Pension Benefit Plan.

He has served on the Georgia advisory council to the Small Business Administration. He has written two books and more than 25 other scholarly publications.

As part of his new responsibilities, Beaird will conduct special projects related to university matters and advise the university president and central administration on matters of university-wide concern.

The Class of 1974 Roster of Employment

James M. Aaron
Brown, Harriss and Hartman
Rossville, Georgia
William A. Aileo
Judge Advocate General's School
Charlottesville, Virginia
W. Morgan Akin
Warren Akin, Attorney at Law
Cartersville, Georgia

James B. Alexander
Campbell and Campbell
Covington, Georgia
Walter C. Alford

Walter C. Alford Alford and Hamilton Tucker, Georgia Victor M. Baird

Fulcher, Hagler, Harper & Reed Augusta, Georgia

William Barwick Smith, Cohen, Ringel, Kohler, Martin and Lowe Atlanta, Georgia

Edward Baxter
U. S. Department of the Interior
Office of Hearings and Appeals
Arlington, Virginia

Jerry Baxter Assistant District Attorney Atlanta, Georgia

Rosa F. Beatty Interstate Commerce Commission Washington, D. C.

Bruce Beerman Smith, Cohen, Ringel, Kohler, Martin and Lowe Atlanta, Georgia

C. Gray BetheaTroutman, Sanders, Lockerman & AshmoreAtlanta, Georgia

David E. Betts Webb, Parker, Young and Ferguson Atlanta, Georgia

Barry W. Bishop Henderson and Snell Canton, Georgia

Stephen E. Boswell
Harvey Monroe and Associates
Jonesboro, Georgia

David R. Botts
Joe Salem, Attorney at Law

Atlanta, Georgia
Michael Bowers
State of Georgia Dept. of Law
Atlanta, Georgia
Jesse G. Bowles, III
Jesse G. Bowles, Jr.,
Attorney at Law
Cuthbert, Georgia
Charles L. Brown
Office of the General Counsel
U.S. General Accounting Office
Washington, D.C.

David J. Burroughs
Institute of Government
Public Law Section
University of Georgia

Patricia A. Cain Instructor, School of Law University of Texas Austin, Texas

Samuel Calhoun

King and Spalding
Atlanta, Georgia

Johnny Camp U.S. Air Force T. Joseph Campbell

Robert Collins, Attorney at Law Calhoun, Georgia

John M. Carlton Whelchel and Whelchel Moultrie, Georgia Susan C. Chaires

U.S. Dept. of Justice Civil Rights Division Washington, D.C.

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Tom G. Charlesworth Arthur Andersen and Co. Atlanta, Georgia

Leonard W. Childs Asst. County Attorney Chatham County Savannah, Georgia

Sam Choate, Jr. Maquire and Kilpatrick Augusta, Georgia

John R. Cleveland Wharton School of Finance University of Pennsylvania Philadelphia, Penn.

Bobby Lee Cook Cook and Palmour Summerville, Georgia

Eugene W. Dabbs Smalley and Cogburn, P.C. Griffin, Georgia

Do

T.

Claude-Len Davis
Georgia Cooperative
Extension Service
Extension Farm Management
Department - Extension Bldg.
University of Georgia
Athens, Georgia

Lee S. Davis
Cockran, Camp and Snipes
Smyrna, Georgia
Neal Dettmering
Dollar and Dettmering
Douglasville, Georgia
William A. Dowell
Alfene Dowell, Attorney at Law
Savannah, Georgia

Savannah, Georgia
Patricia Downing
Anthony A. Alaimo
Judge, U.S. District Court
Southern District of Georgia
Augusta, Georgia
Edgar B. Dunlap

Whelchel, Dunlap and Gignilliat Gainesville, Georgia Benjamin Easterlin Fllis and Fllis

Ellis and Ellis Americus, Georgia J. Sewell Elliott

J. Sewell Elliott, Attorney at Law Macon, Georgia Stephen K. Fain Assistant District Attorney

Assistant District Attorney Conasauga Judicial Circuit Dalton, Georgia John Fitzpatrick

Law Department
Gulf Oil Company
Bala Cynyd, Pennsylvania

Carlton A. Fleming Kunes and Kunes Tifton, Georgia Daniel Formby

Interstate Commerce Commission Washington, D.C.

Jim M. Foss E. J. Clower, Attorney at Law Rome, Georgia

James L. Gale Franklin T. Dupree U. S. District Court Eastern District of North Carolina Raleigh, North Carolina

H. Pat Garner Gibson Dean, Attorney at Law Buford, Georgia

James C. Gatewood Crisp and Oxford Americus, Georgia Charles O. Gignilliat

Whelchel, Dunlap, and Gignilliat Gainesville, Georgia

Steven P. Gilliam
Smith, Smith and Frost
Gainesville, Georgia
Donald P. Gilmore

Office of Student Judicial Programs
University of Georgia
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T. Brian Glass Lefkoff and Hanes Atlanta, Georgia Michael J. Gorby Dennis and Fain Atlanta, Georgia

John A. Goren
Securities and Exchange
Commission
Washington, D. C.

John A. Gram

Whelchel, Dunlap and Gignilliat

Gainesville, Georgia Mark A. Guza Supreme Court of Georgia

Atlanta, Georgia Michael C. Hall Arthur Andersen and Co. Atlanta, Georgia

Christopher Hamilton Athens Legal Aid and Defender Society Athens, Georgia

Clinton A. Harkins Holcomb and McDuff Marietta, Georgia

Alton G. Hartley Georgia District Attorneys Association Atlanta, Georgia

Edward L. Hartness Schuder and Brown Gainesville, Georgia

J. Stan Hawkins Troutman, Sanders, Lockerman and Ashmore Atlanta, Georgia

Edward C. Hay, Jr. Columbus Legal Aid Society Columbus, Georgia

John A. Henderson Mitchell, Mitchell, Coppedge and Boyett Dalton, Georgia

Fred B. Henry, Jr.
Fletcher and Watson
LaFayette, Georgia

John E. Hill Thomasson and Hardcastle Atlanta, Georgia

A. Jackie Hinton
Troutman, Sanders, Lockerman
and Ashmore
Atlanta, Georgia

Howell Hollis, III
Hatcher, Stubbs, Land, Hollis
and Rothschild
Columbus, Georgia

McNeill Holloway Sanders, Hester, Holley, Askin and Dye Augusta, Georgia

John T. Holt
Alexander, Vann and Lilly
Thomasville, Georgia

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James W. Kesler United States Army Judge Advocate Generals' Corps

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Charles King Moore and Chambliss Moultrie, Georgia

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Tarleton, Zion and Meiere
Decatur, Georgia

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Scott A. Kracen Trademark Division U.S. Patent Office Crystal City, Virginia

Edmund A. Landau Landau, Davis, Farkas and Spooner Albany, Georgia

Richard W. Lay
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Thomas H. Lehman J. Richard Porter, III Attorney at Law Cairo, Georgia Francis M. Lewis
William Towson, Attorney at Law
Dublin, Georgia
Franklin Lewis

Arthur Young and Company Atlanta, Georgia

Roy M. Lilly Alexander, Vann and Lilly Thomasville, Georgia

Michael B. Lisenby Smith, Shepherd and Gary Swainsboro, Georgia

Jerry W. Loftin Law Practice Manchester, Georgia

Daniel MacDougald
Assistant District Attorney
Dougherty Judicial Circuit
Albany, Georgia

James E. Mahar Kenyon Hulsey and Oliver Gainesville, Georgia

Alan C. Manheim Crowe and Hampton Marietta, Georgia William L. Martin

Law Practice Bremen, Georgia Kenneth S. McBurnett Law Practice

Pembroke, Georgia
Jack D. McCarthy

National Labor Relations Board Memphis, Tennessee

William I. McIntosh Law Practice Ringold, Georgia Michael K. McLemore

Bradford, Williams, McKay, Kimbrell, Hamann and Jennings Miami, Florida

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James E. Mitchell White, Elliott and Bundy Abingdon, Virginia

Charles E. Moore
Department of the Army
Office of the Judge Advocate
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Donald L. Newton
Internal Revenue Service
Columbia, South Carolina
J. Kenneth Nix

Telford, Stewart and Stephens Gainesville, Georgia

Eugene Novy Attorney at Law Atlanta, Georgia

Joe Odom Corish, Smith, Remler and Moore Savannah, Georgia

Paul W. Painter, Jr. Bouhan, Williams and Levy Savannah, Georgia

James L. Pannell
Oliver, Maner and Gray
Savannah, Georgia

Jack L. Park Seay and Sims Griffin, Georgia

Keith Parks
Intern and Deputy Director,
European Office, Department of
Community Development
State of Georgia
Brussels, Belgium
John R. Parrott

Law Practice Forsyth, Georgia Carl S. Pedigo, Jr.

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University of Georgia

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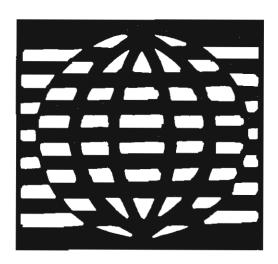
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