## **BOOKS RECEIVED\***

BASIC ISSUES IN INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. Edited by Peter A. Toma, Andrew Gyorgy, and Robert S. Jordan. Boston: Allyn and Bacon, Inc., 1974. Pp. 594. \$7.50. The second edition of this collection of essays resembles the first only in its approach—presenting a broad spectrum of controversial viewpoints. New issues, new arguments, and new contributors are presented here to give the reader a more comprehensive perspective on the major topics of international law.

BUREAUCRATIC POLITICS AND FOREIGN POLICY. By Morton H. Halperin. Washington, D.C.: The Brookings Institution, 1974. Pp. xvii, 340. \$8.95. Mr. Halperin, a former Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense and member of the National Security Council, discusses in this volume the process by which decisions are made and actions taken by the American Government in the field of national security.

CANADIAN PERSPECTIVES ON INTERNATIONAL LAW AND ORGANIZATION. Edited by Ronald St. John MacDonald, Gerald L. Morris, and Douglas M. Johnston. Toronto: University of Toronto Press, 1974. Pp. xx, 972. \$35.00. These 38 essays cover a wide range of subjects focused on Canada and her specific concerns within the international legal system. Among the general topics treated are: Canadian perspectives on international law; Canadian practice; air, communications, and weather law; territorial considerations; and Canadian participation in international organizations.

CHINA AND THE GREAT POWERS: RELATIONS WITH THE UNITED STATES, THE SOVIET UNION AND JAPAN. Edited by Francis O. Wilcox. New York: Praeger Publishers, 1974. Pp. vi, 103. \$10.00. China's relations with three other great powers are examined in this collection of essays in the context of Asian and world affairs and with regard to the balances and interrelationships among these nations.

CONSULATE OF THE SEA AND RELATED DOCUMENTS. By Stanley S. Jados. University, Alabama: The University of Alabama Press, 1975. Pp. xvi, 326. \$12.00. The volume is a translation of the 15th century publication of the *Consulate of the Sea* which was a compilation of internationally acceptable maritime laws for the various seagoing powers. The preface contains a lively history on the development of maritime laws from the days of the Romans onward.

CONTEMPORARY SOVIET LAW. Edited by Donald D. Barry, William E. Butler, and George Ginsburgs. The Hague: Martinus Nijhoff, 1974. Pp. xxvi, 242. 52.50 Guilders. This collection of ten essays was prepared by western students of modern Soviet law in honor of John N. Hazard's 65th birthday. Each essay is concerned with some aspect of the post-Stalin era: the educational role of

<sup>\*</sup> The inclusion of a book in this section does not preclude its review in a subsequent issue.

criminal and civil procedure (H. J. Berman); criminal law and social control (P. H. Juviler); law and political dissent (F. J. M. Feldbrugge); civil law in USSR Supreme Court rulings (D. D. and C. B. Barry); samizdat under Soviet law (D. A. Loeber); Soviet environmental law (Z. L. Zile); labor law reforms since 1953 (A. K. R. Kiralfy); a computer model of the legal regulations of a state enterprise (P. B. Maggs); commercial arbitration (G. Ginsburgs); and public international law (W. E. Butler). In addition, letters written by Professor Hazard while a student at the Moscow Juridical Institute give a rare glimpse of a law student's life in Moscow. An extensive selected bibliography of Hazard's writing from 1936 to 1973 concludes the book.

DIPLOMAT: THE WORLD OF INTERNATIONAL DIPLOMACY. By Eric Clark. New York: Taplinger Publishing Co., 1974. Pp. 276. \$8.50. This book presents a discussion of the work of diplomats at home and abroad based on personal interviews and time spent with diplomats as well as a list of a solid number of secondary sources. Mr. Clark examines such underlying questions as the real worth of diplomats and their positive achievements and arrives at the conclusion that the diplomatic machine is still "as essential and meaningful as ever."

THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY IN THE WORLD. By Richard Bailey. London: Hutchinson of London, 1973. Pp. 200. \$12.75. The author discusses the enlargement of the Common Market and the present and future impact of this extended Common Market on the world community.

IMAGES OF CRIME: OFFENDERS AND VICTIMS. Edited by Terence P. Thornberry and Edward Sagarin. New York: Praeger Publishers, 1974. Pp. vii, 148. \$12.50. This volume is a selection of papers which were delivered in November 1972 at the Second Inter-American Congress of Criminology held in Caracas, Venezuela. They deal with various aspects of the phenomenon of crime in modern society.

AN INTERNATIONAL ANTITRUST PRIMER. By Earl W. Kintner and Mark R. Joelson. New York: MacMillan Publishing Co., Inc., 1974. London: Collier MacMillan Publishers, 1974. Pp. xiv, 391. \$12.95. The authors pull together, for the executive and his counsel who think in global terms, the most important aspects of antitrust law and practice. Although the focus is mainly on the antitrust laws of the United States and their application to international transactions, the book also looks closely at "the law of competition" as it functions in other countries. The intention of the authors is to provide a readily usable primer to help the alert business executive and his counsel shape their activities intelligently and lawfully.

INTERNATIONAL LAW AND PSYCHOLOGY. By Ranyard West. Dobbs Ferry, New York: Oceana Publications Inc., 1974. Pp. xxvii, 260. \$17.50. The author looks at our world situation through the means of post-Freudian psychology. He examines the prejudices of society and man's ability and inability to take steps to obviate injustices caused by these prejudices, and offers a psychological theory of law which is directed toward international lawyers. LIMITS TO NATIONAL JURISDICTION OVER THE SEA. Edited by George T. Yates III and John Hardin Young. Charlottesville, Virginia: University Press of Virginia, 1974. Pp. xii, 236. \$15.00. The volume is a collection of six essays by eight authorities on the law of the sea, including the distinguished scholars William E. Butler and L. C. Green. The collection carefully examines two areas of controversy concerning the law of the sea: jurisdiction over the continental shelf and the seabed, and national response in the form of current practices.

THE LOGIC OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS. By Steven J. Rosen and Walter S. Jones. Cambridge, Massachusetts: Winthrop Publishers, Inc., 1974. Pp. viii, 390. Price not available. The book begins with an analysis of the world outlook of four key "actors" in the contemporary international system: the Soviet Union, the United States, China, and a collective image of the Third World. The book examines how each point of view is influenced by concepts, values, national interests, and ideologies. The work is directed to an American audience.

READINGS IN LEGAL STUDIES. By Ian Greene, Ron Moloney, and Nicholas Bates. Melbourne: The Law Book Company Limited, 1973. Pp. vii, 113. \$6.75. The primary aim of these articles is to present student reference materials in three broad areas: aspects of the Australian legal system and some of its underlying principles; the function of law as a social institution; and the general problem of legal rules as criminal sanctions.