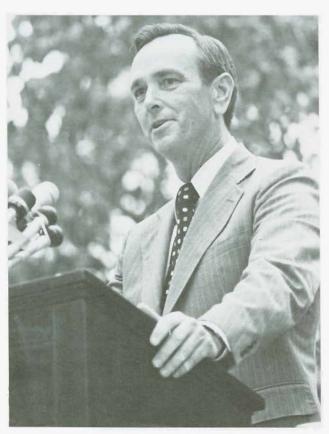




October Dedication Ceremony Marks



Opening of the Dean Rusk Center

... I cannot emphasize too much the importance of the Dean Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law as the hub around which business and government can solicit foreign investment and encourage export of Georgia products.

... |A|n equally significant mission will be the education of lawyers in the highly technical mysteries of international law. The advantages of having legal specialists in this area, trained on home turf, are obvious.

The qualities of excellence which have marked the career of Dean Rusk are bound to leave their permanent imprimatur on the center which bears his name. In short, the Dean Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law is destined for greatness because it carries the name of a man of destiny.

 From Dedicatory Keynote Address October 28, 1977 Governor George Busbee



LBJ Ranch Stonewall, Texas

November 4, 1977

Dear Dean Beaird,

Thank you for all the arrangements you made for my visit to the University of Georgia for the dedication of the Dean Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law.

It was an occasion full of warmth and the campus has such grand style. From the President's Home to the 1802 structure where the Dean Rusk Center is housed, it is full of tradition, a scholarly atmosphere, and special grace. I am so glad I had the pleasure to share in the ceremonies. My esteem for Dean Rusk is so deepfelt—I would not have rested easy if I had not joined you in saluting his great value to the School and indeed the Nation.

Please know how grateful I am to you and your staff for your many kindnesses. My good wishes go out to you.

Sincerely.

Lody Bird John

Lady Bird Johnson

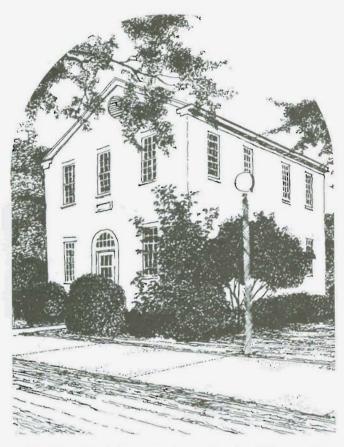


Mrs. Lyndon B. Johnson visits School of Law



for Rusk Center Dedication

Mrs. LBJ reminisces with the diplomat her husband once called "the decade's man of the ages."



The Dean Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law was authorized by the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia in June, 1977. Its executive director joined the law faculty in July, 1977 and graduate research assistants began working in the summer of 1977.

The Center is governed by a board of University academic and administrative leaders which includes:

Dean Rusk, Chairman of the Board Sibley Professor of International Law Fred C. Davison President, University of Georgia

J. Ralph Beaird
Dean, School of Law

William C. Flewellen, Jr. Dean, College of Business

Henry W. Garren

Dean, College of Agriculture Robert N. Leavell

Professor of Law

Gabriel M. Wilner Professor of Law

Victor Mamatey

Professor of History Clifton W. Pannell

Professor of Geography

Fredrick W. Huszagh, Executive Director of the Rusk Center and member of the Board of Directors, is an associate professor of law. A new member of the Georgia faculty, his biographical sketch appears on page 5. In a recent interview, Huszagh explains the function of the Rusk Center:

What type of information does the Center gather?

The Center seeks new knowledge on how specific laws and related institutions actually affect basic international trade and development activities. This knowledge will be systematically reviewed with interested policy makers in order to facilitate appropriate application and fundamental trade and development issues.

How does it go about its problem-solving task?

First of all, the Center attempts to accurately *identify* the environments in which recognized deficiences in relationships among the public and private sectors exists.

Secondly, it seeks to *quantify* the impact of these deficiencies on various facets of basic trade and development activities.

Thirdly, the research seeks to identify the *processes* which stimulate and retard these deficiencies.

Finally, the researchers aid policy makers in their efforts to understand, evaluate, and eliminate these deficiencies.

What is an example of a study in "deficiencies among public-private sector relationships?"

The Rusk Center research group has recently completed a systematic literature review to identify current U.S. laws and regulations which impose significant constraints on U.S. exports. From this review, three law-implementing institutions were selected for intensive study because of their importance concerning the key export issues of extraterritorial application of U.S. antitrust laws, export financing, and acquisition of export marketing information. Special attention is given to the structural features of these organizations which cause insensitivity to exporter needs.

What are some of the other research projects now underway?

The governance structures of offshore marine resources is the focus of a second Center study. Primary attention is devoted to the consequences of allocating regulation responsibilities among state and federal entities. It is an attempt to find ways to facilitate optimal marine resource utilization as well as provide basic insights on other areas subject to concurrent federal and state jurisdiction.

The Rusk Center will also examine the impact of current and proposed codes for regulating the transfer of technology on the development of nations having different levels of industrialization and socialization.

What is the Center's research manpower?

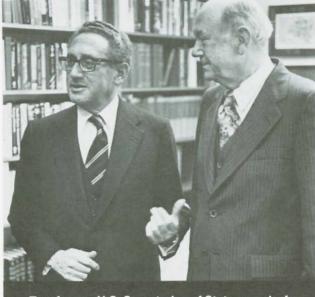
A small Center staff skilled in using the University of Georgia's substantial library and computer resources administers each project and graduate researchers from the University departments of law, political science, environmental science, business, agriculture, and other fields provide research manpower. Each project is supervised by a team of senior scholars from the University and other study centers who have had experience in government and business policy-making.

How is the research data made available to those who need it?

Data acquired through Center research and consultation efforts is being processed for electronic storage to maximize the Center's utility to scholars, public officials, and business executives. Perhaps the best way in which the Rusk Center serves the public is through the special skills which its graduate students take with them as they complete degrees and enter public and private professions.



George W. Ball was U.S. Undersecretary of State from 1961-1966. In this capacity he served as deputy and personal friend to Dean Rusk during an important period of U.S. history, He was invited to the dedication ceremony to add his personal reflections on Rusk's achievements and character.



Two former U.S. Secretaries of State spend a few moments deliberating on strategies for world peace or other topics approachable only by those whose common diplomatic decision-making and crisishandling experiences qualifies them in a unique manner. Henry Kissinger visited the University campus in February as keynote speaker for the UGA Alumni Seminar on the Soviet Union. He toured the Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law and had breakfast with Professor Rusk, who introduced him at the Alumni Seminar. Mr. Kissinger's appearance marks the second time a U.S. Secretary of State has visited the School of Law in ten months. Secretary Vance came to Athens in April 1977 as Law Day speaker.

The current \$3,000,000 development program to raise private funds for additional scholarships, endowed chairs, special educational programs, and to assist in establishing and enriching the Dean Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law, has been designated as "The Talmadge Fund" to honor one of Georgia's most illustrious senators and his family. United States Senator Herman E. Talmadge, son of the late Governor Eugene Talmadge, was born and reared in Georgia and is a graduate of The University of Georgia School of Law. Now in his twenty-first year as a U.S. Senator from Georgia, he previously served as Governor of the state during which time Georgia rose to the forefront in industrial expansion, rural road building and natural resources conservation.

Talmadge was elected to the senate in 1956 and has become a leading national authority on fiscal policy, agriculture and rural development, health care and welfare reform.

\$3 Million Fund Drive Announced October 28



Proposed Allocations

\$1,000,000 for faculty enrichment and program development. These funds will be utilized to establish the Talmadge Chair of Public Law and to supplement faculty salaries at the associate level in order to make them competitive with competing law schools from which good faculty members are recruited. Maintaining a full contingent of faculty through state and private funds will generally reduce the student faculty ratio and add teaching strength in several critical areas.

\$1,000,000 to place scholarship funding on a substantive basis so that financial aid is available to the academically qualified students who are in need of assistance to complete three years of law studies. The funds with also enrich extracurricular student activities such as the Moot Court Program, the Georgia Law Review and Georgia Journal, and clinical education program.

\$1,000,000 to underwrite various research projects undertaken by the Dean Rusk Center for International and Comparative Law and to generally finance its work along with other foundation grants.